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A FRAMEWORK FOR INTELLIGENT DOCUMENT IMAGE ENHANCEMENT IN PURSUIT OF IMPROVED OCR PERFORMANCE

Ryno Kleinhans*
Supervisor: Dr GS Nel

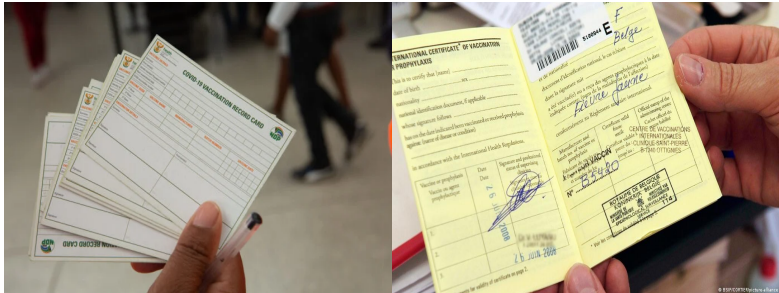


Stellenbosch Unit for Operations Research in Engineering
Department of Industrial Engineering

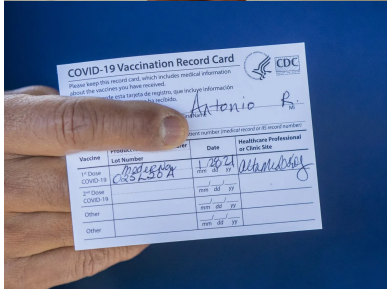
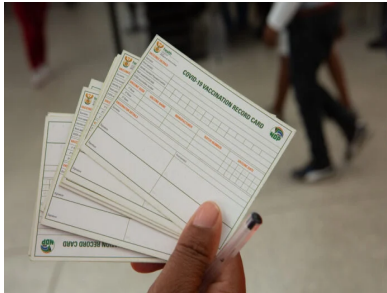
Overview of the problem - Paper-based documents



Overview of the problem - Paper-based documents



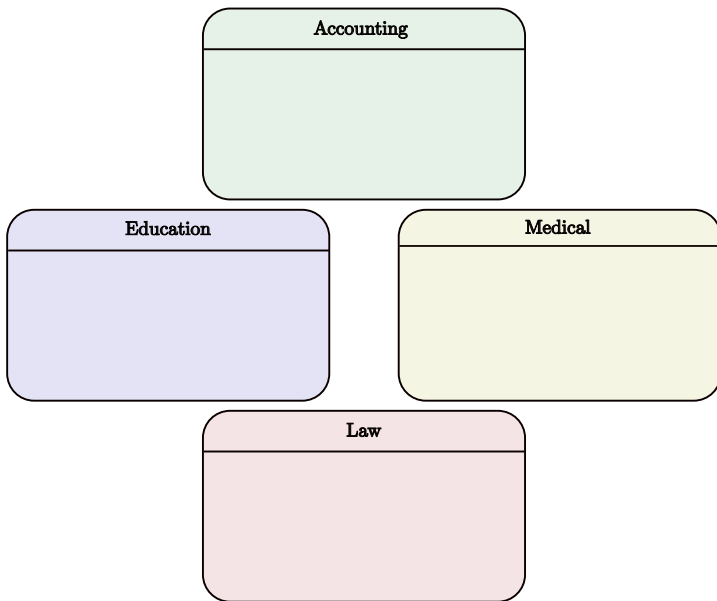
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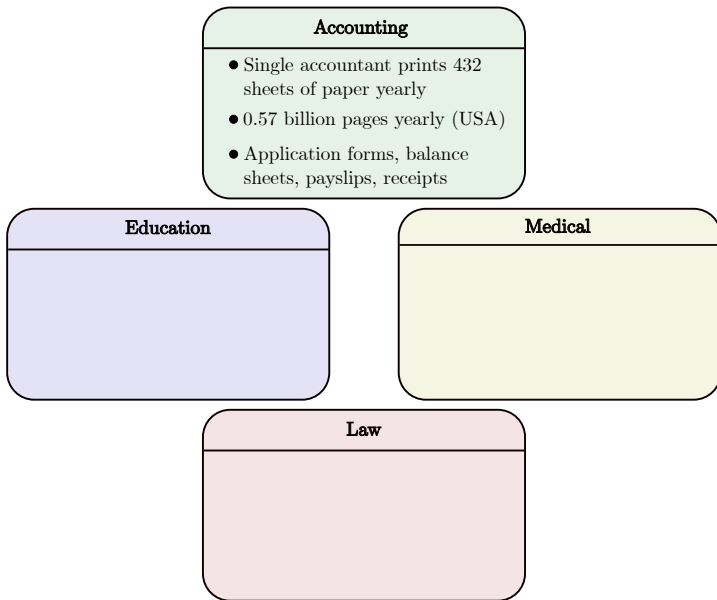
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Overview of the problem - Paper-based documents

Accounting

- Single accountant prints 432 sheets of paper yearly
- 0.57 billion pages yearly (USA)
- Application forms, balance sheets, payslips, receipts

Education

- Single school prints 360 000 sheets of paper yearly
- 47 billion pages yearly (USA)
- Assignments, study materials, administrative documents

Medical

Law

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Medical

- Single large hospital prints 96 million sheets of paper yearly
- 59 billion pages yearly (USA)
- Application forms, risk forms administrative documents

Law

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- 59 billion pages yearly (USA)
- Application forms, risk forms administrative documents

Law

- Single attorney prints 60 000 sheets of paper yearly
- 78 billion pages yearly (USA)
- Contracts, administrative documents, letters

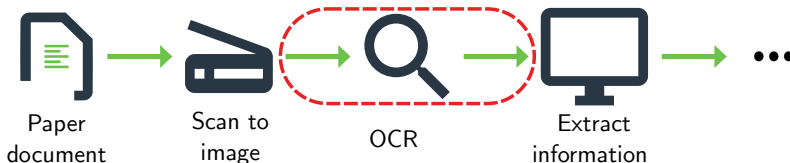
Overview of the problem - Automation example



Overview of the problem - Text extraction phases

OCR definition

Optical character recognition (OCR) is the electronic conversion of pixel-based text data (*i.e.* a captured image) comprising typed, handwritten or printed text into machine-encoded text.



Overview of the problem - Image processing

Employee no. 562595	Employee name Bilbo Baggins	Date 30/08/2021	National Insurance number AB34827R		
Payments	Units	Rate	Amount	Deductions	Amount
Basic salary	1	2 500.00	2 500.00	PAYE tax	300.64
Commission	7	23.08	161.54	Nat insurance	213.74
				Pension	200.00
				Fixed deductions	20.00
TOTAL EARNINGS			2 661.54	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS 734.38	
Bilbo Baggins 111 Bag-End Street Underhill Hobbiton AB12 3YZ		This period Pay 2 661.54 PAYE tax 300.64 Nat insurance 213.64 Pension 200.00		Year to date Pay 2 661.54 PAYE tax 300.64 Nat insurance 213.64 Pension 200.00	
Company name Thorin and Company ltd. 5th Floor, House of Elrond, Rivendell, CD4 5LM				NET PAY 1 927.16	

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Employee no. 562595	Employee name Bilbo Baggins	Date 30/08/2021	National insurance number AB3482714
Payments	Units	Rate	Amount
Basic salary	1	2 500.00	2 500.00
Commission	7	23.08	161.54
TOTAL EARNINGS 2 661.54			
Deductions			Amount
PAYE tax			300.64
Nat insurance			213.64
Pension			200.00
Fixed deductions			20.00
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS			744.36
Bilbo Baggins 111 Bag End Street Underhill Hobbiton AB12 3YZ		This period	Year to date
		Pay	2 661.54
		PAYE tax	300.64
		Nat insurance	213.64
		Pension	200.00
Company name Thorn and Company Ltd, 5th Floor, House of Elrond, Ravensdell, CB4 5LM		NET PAY	1 927.16

Agenda

- 1 Informal problem description

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- ➊ Informal problem description
- ➋ Proposed framework walk-through

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- ➌ Real-world payslip case study

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- ➎ Future work

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 - Corresponding annotations (*i.e.* manually captured information)

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 - Supervised learning paradigm

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 - Pretrained convolutional neural networks
 - Pretrained OCR software
 - Common document image enhancement techniques

Proposed framework

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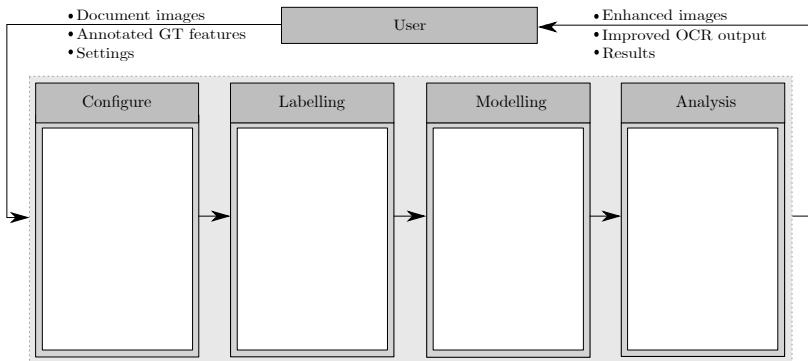
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- ① The **preparation** of previously annotated data and its document images for analysis,
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- ③ the **prediction** of the best enhancement procedure for each unique unseen document image,

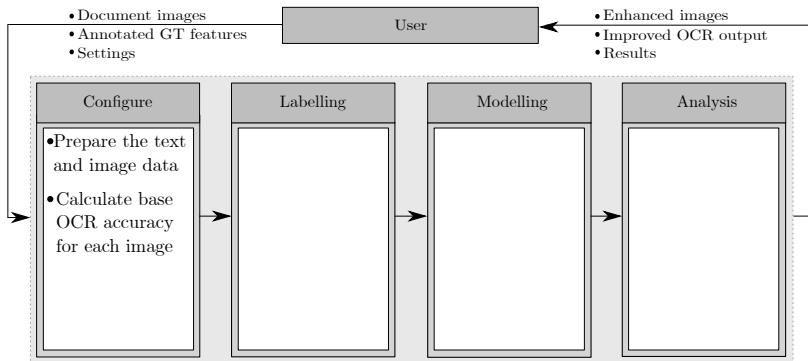
The framework should facilitate:

- ① The **preparation** of previously annotated data and its document images for analysis,
- ② the **engineering** and **labelling** of various unique enhancement procedures,
- ③ the **prediction** of the best enhancement procedure for each unique unseen document image,
- ④ as well as the **implementation** and **analysis** of the predictions.

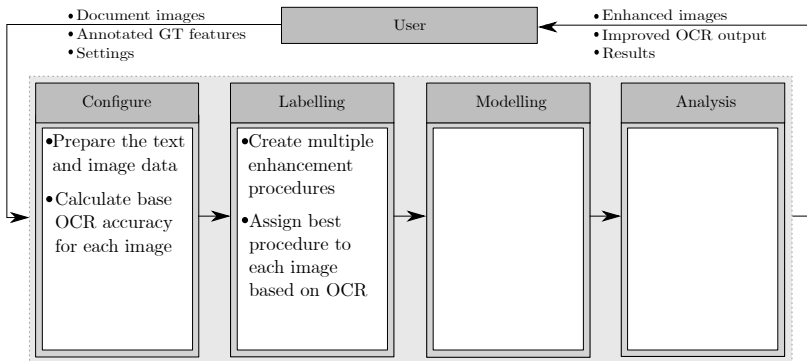
Proposed framework - Subcomponents



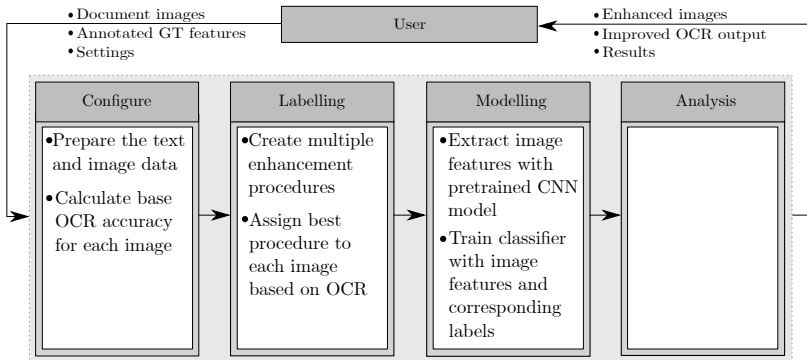
Proposed framework - Subcomponents



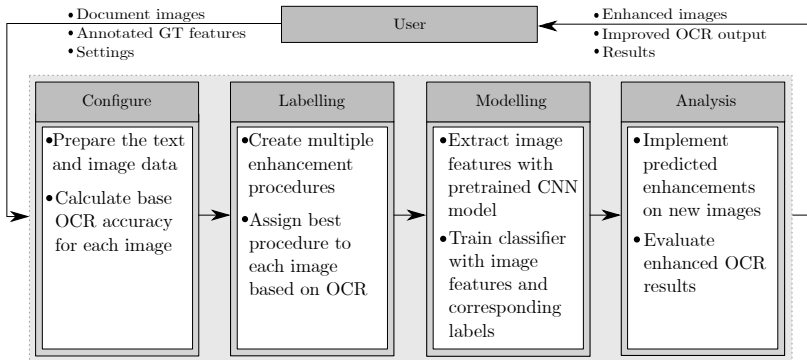
Proposed framework - Subcomponents



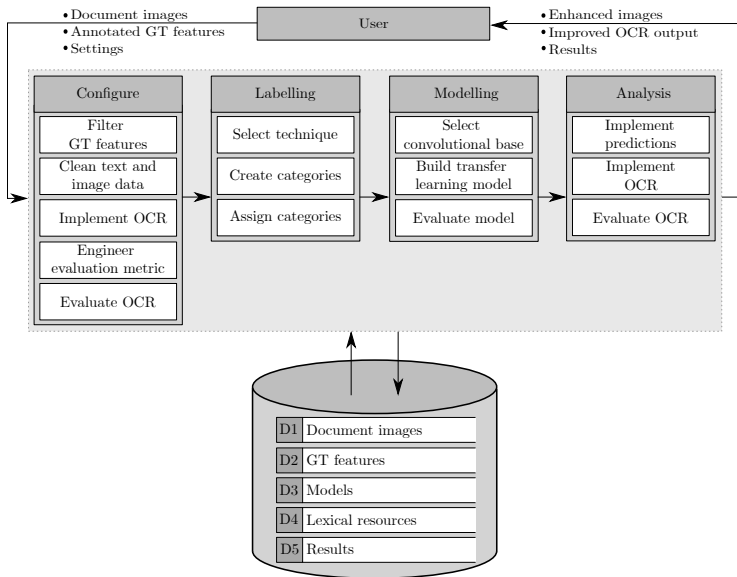
Proposed framework - Subcomponents



Proposed framework - Subcomponents



Proposed framework - Modules



Real-world case study - Industry partner data

- 2 000 PDFs of scanned client payslips

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- CSV with true values captured by branch consultant:

Real-world case study - Industry partner data

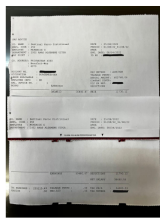
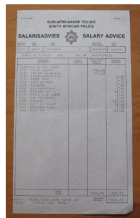
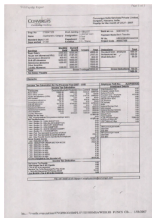
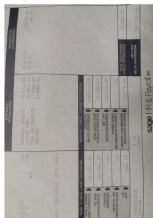
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- CSV with true values captured by branch consultant:
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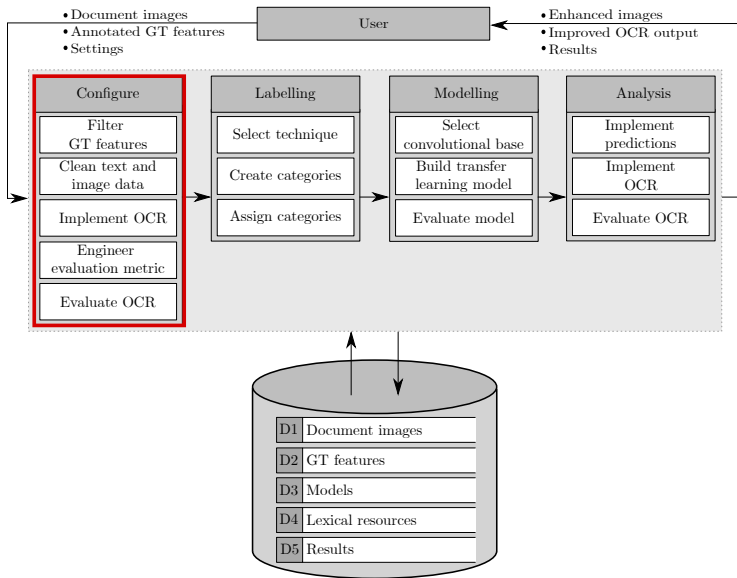
- 2 000 PDFs of scanned client payslips
- CSV with true values captured by branch consultant:
 - 2 000 rows of client information
 - 11 columns of captured features (*i.e.* Ground truth) comprising client name, net pay, total pay, and occupation.

Real-world case study - Industry partner data

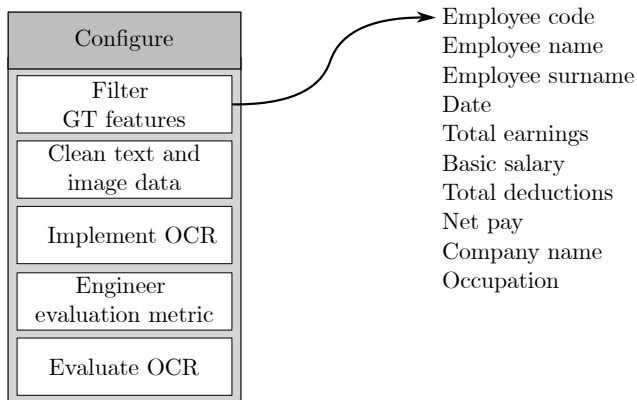
- 2000 PDFs of scanned client payslips
- CSV with true values captured by branch consultant:
 - 2000 rows of client information
 - 11 columns of captured features (*i.e.* Ground truth) comprising client name, net pay, total pay, and occupation.



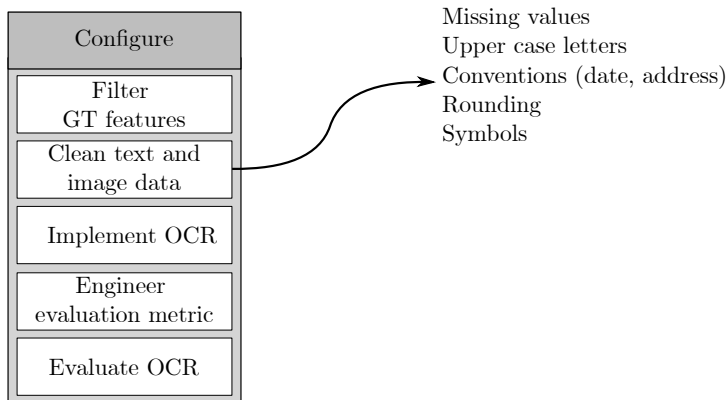
Real-world case study - Configure subcomponent



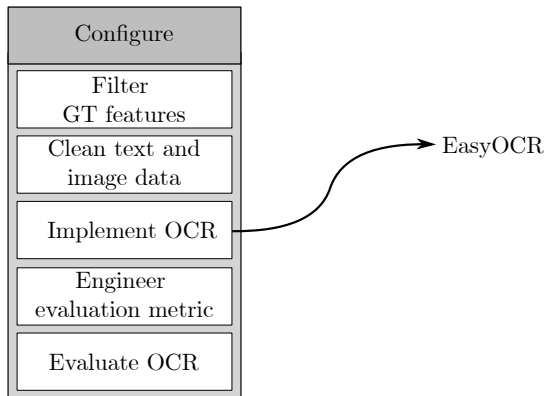
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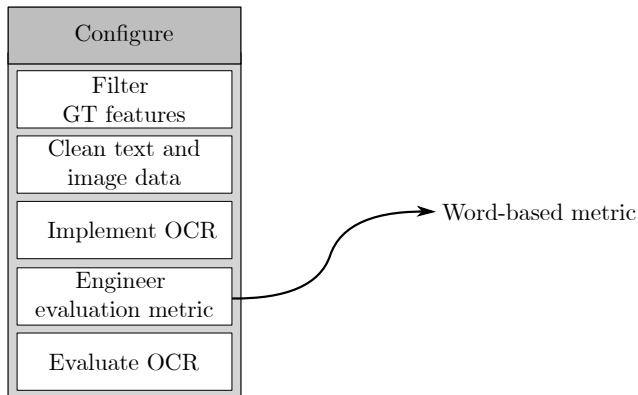
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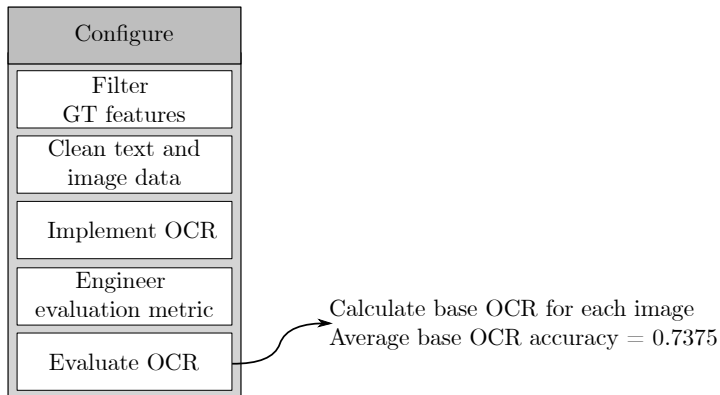
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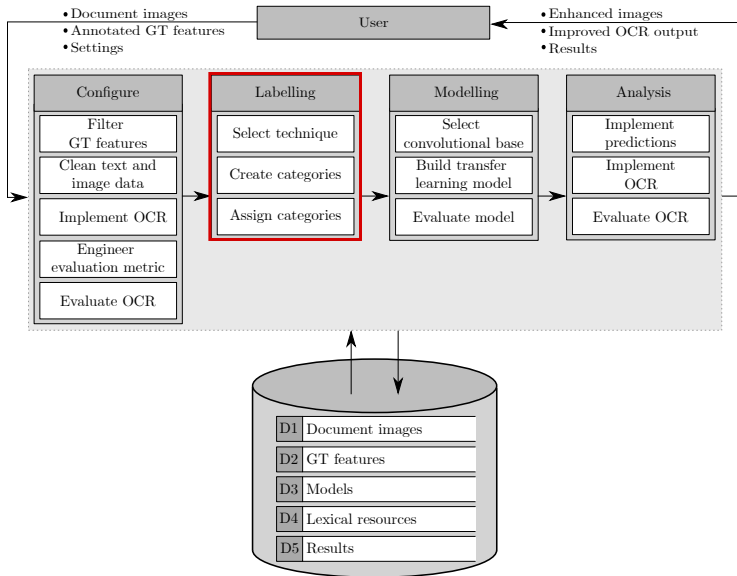
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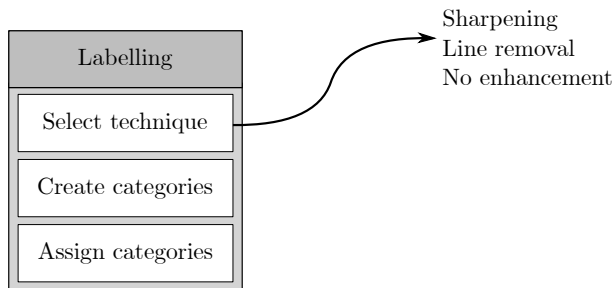
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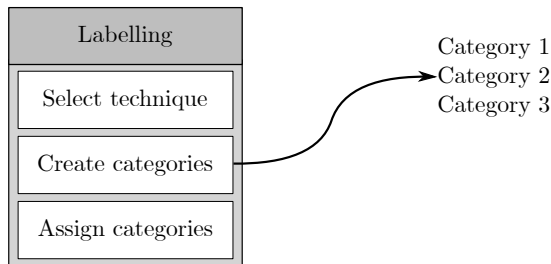
Real-world case study - Labelling subcomponent



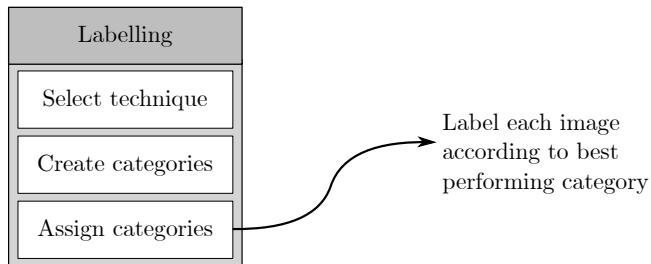
Real-world case study - Labelling subcomponent



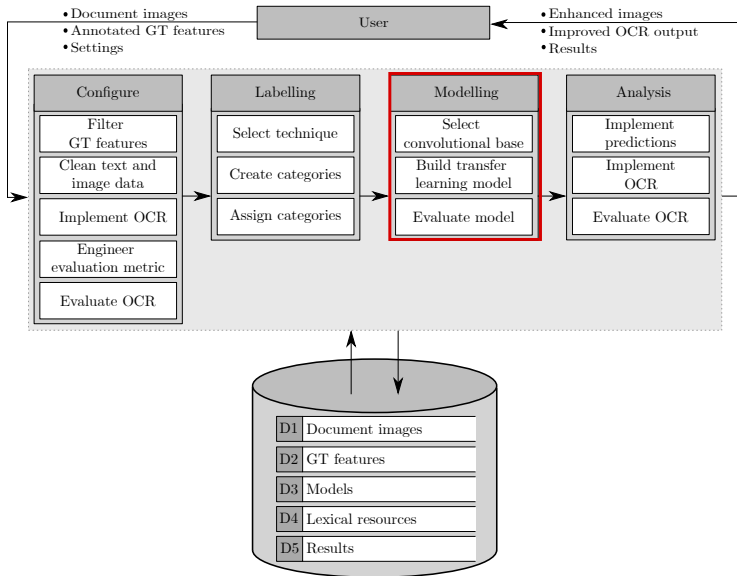
Real-world case study - Labelling subcomponent



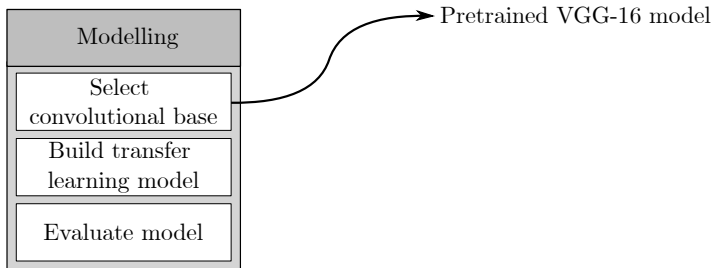
Real-world case study - Labelling subcomponent



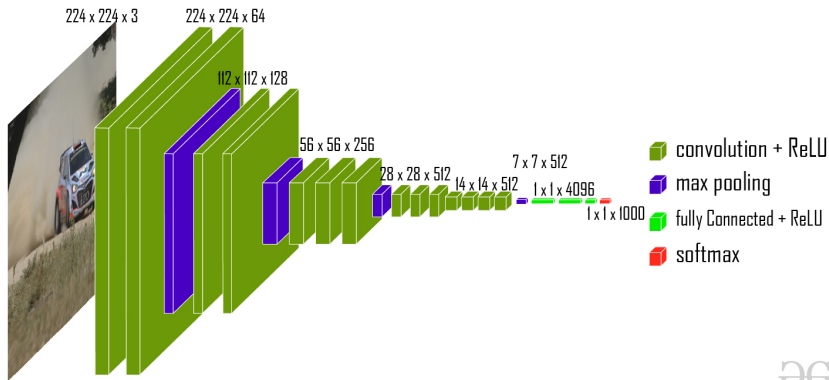
Real-world case study - Modelling subcomponent



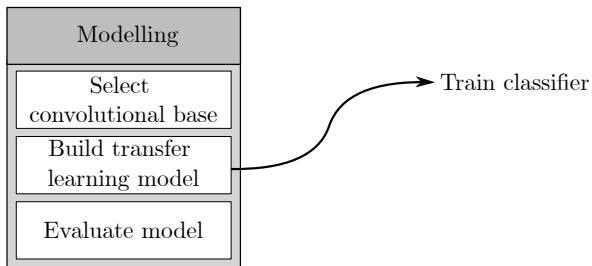
Real-world case study - Modelling subcomponent



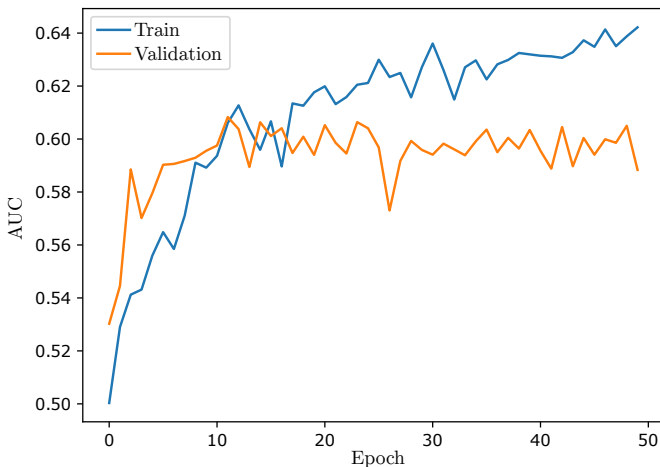
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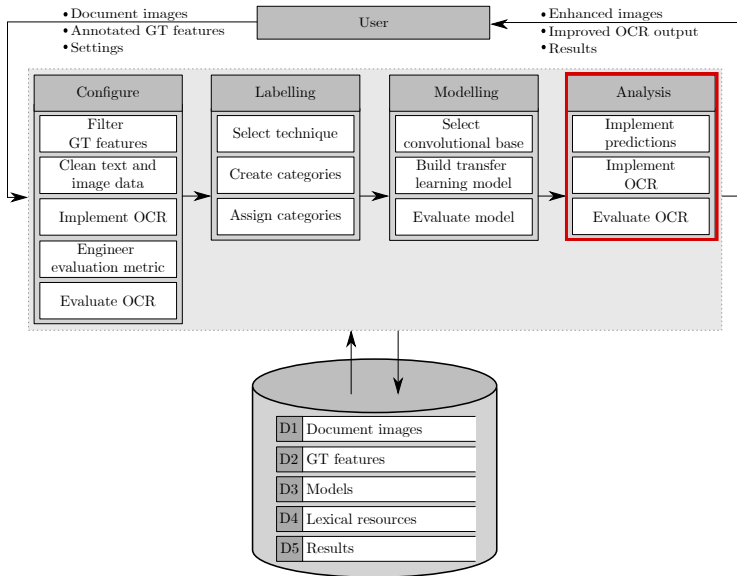
		Actual		
		A	B	C
Predicted	A	0.57	0.16	0.42
	B	0.16	0.52	0.14
	C	0.28	0.32	0.44

A: Base image

B: Line Removal

C: Sharpening

Real-world case study - Analysis subcomponent



Real-world case study - Analysis subcomponent

Test set category	Average OCR accuracy
Base	0.7382
Framework	0.7444

Real-world case study - Analysis subcomponent

Impact category compared with the original base OCR	Line removal on all images		Sharpening on all images		Only predicted images	
	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio
Improved	60	0.16	73	0.20	59	0.16
Same	249	0.68	187	0.51	268	0.73
Deteriorated	59	0.16	108	0.30	41	0.11
Improved/deteriorated		1.0169		0.6759		1.4390

Real-world case study - Analysis subcomponent

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 - 4 columns of captured features (*i.e.* Ground truth) comprising company name, date, address, and receipt total.

Case study 2 - Data provided by ICDAR

- 1 000 PDFs of scanned restaurant receipts
- CSV with true values captured by annotators:
 - 1 000 rows of client information
 - 4 columns of captured features (*i.e.* Ground truth) comprising company name, date, address, and receipt total.



Case study 2 - Receipt results



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		Actual	
		A	B
Predicted	A	0.61	0.43
	B	0.39	0.57

A: Base image

B: Sharpening

Case study 2 - Receipt results

Test set category	Average OCR accuracy
Base	0.7720
Framework	0.7827

Case study 2 - Receipt results

Impact category compared with the original base OCR	All images in test set		Only applied to predicted images in test set	
	Number	Ratio	Number	Ratio
Improved	38	0.30	22	0.18
Same	39	0.31	83	0.66
Deteriorated	48	0.38	20	0.16
Improved/deteriorated	0.7895		1.1250	

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 - ➊ Consider the inclusion of a confidence score for the OCR evaluation metric,
 - ➋ investigate which pre-trained convolutional base filters are most important for extracting the intrinsic patterns within the provided data sets,
 - ➌ applying the framework to document images with handwritten characters.

-  SMITH R, 2007, *An overview of the Tesseract OCR engine*, Ninth international conference on document analysis and recognition (ICDAR 2007), **2**, pp. 629–633.
-  Jaidev AI, 2020, *EasyOCR*, [Online], [Cited September 2021], Available from <https://github.com/JaidevAI/EasyOCR>