

AM B242


TUT 8 - MEMO

2023

TUT 8: [9.12] 3, 7, 9, 13, 29.

[9.12] 03.

3.



$$\oint_C -y^2 dx + x^2 dy$$

$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left[-(3\sin t)^2 (-3\cos t) + (3\cos t)^2 (3\sin t) \right] dt$$

$$= 27 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\sin^3 t + \cos^3 t) dt$$

$$= 27 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left[(1 - \cos^2 t) \sin t + (1 - \sin^2 t) \cos t \right] dt$$

$$= 27 \left[\int_0^{\pi} \sin t dt + \int_0^{\pi} \cos^3 t (-\sin t) dt + \int_0^{\pi} \cos t dt - \int_0^{\pi} \sin^3 t \cos t dt \right]$$

$$= 27 \left[0 + \left[\frac{\cos^3 t}{3} \right]_0^{\pi} + 0 - \left[\frac{\sin^3 t}{3} \right]_0^{\pi} \right]$$

$$= 27 [0 + 0 + 0 - 0] = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial x^2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial (-y^2)}{\partial y} = 2x + 2y$$

$$\iint_R (2x+2y) dx dy = \int_{x=-3}^3 \int_{y=-\sqrt{9-x^2}}^{\sqrt{9-x^2}} (2x+2y) dy dx$$

$$= \int_{x=-3}^3 \left[2xy + \frac{2y^2}{2} \right]_{-\sqrt{9-x^2}}^{\sqrt{9-x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int_{-3}^3 \left(2x\sqrt{9-x^2} + (9-x^2) - \left(-2x\sqrt{9-x^2} + (9-x^2) \right) \right) dx$$

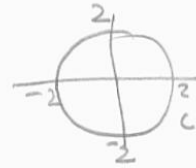
$$= \int_{-3}^3 4x\sqrt{9-x^2} dx = -2 \int_{-3}^3 \sqrt{9-x^2} dx = -2 \left[(9-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]_{-3}^3$$

[9.12] 07.

$$7. \quad P = x^4 - 2y^3, \quad Q = 2x^3 - y^4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(2x^3 - y^4) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(x^4 - 2y^3) = 2(3x^2) + 2(3y^2) \\ &= 6(x^2 + y^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\iint_R 6(x^2 + y^2) \, dx \, dy = \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} \int_{r=0}^2 6r^2 \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta$$



$$= \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} d\theta \times 6 \int_{r=0}^2 r^3 \, dr$$

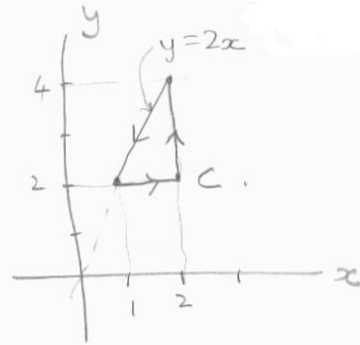
$$= \left[\theta \right]_0^{2\pi} \times 6 \left[\frac{r^4}{4} \right]_0^2 = 2\pi \cdot 6 \cdot \left[\frac{16-0}{4} \right]$$

$$= 48\pi$$

[9.12] 09.

9. $P = 2xy, Q = 3xy^2$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (3xy^2) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2xy) = 3y^2 - 2x$$

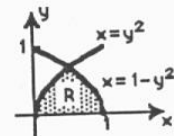


$$\begin{aligned} \oint_C (2xy dx + 3xy^2 dy) &= \int_{x=1}^2 \int_{y=2}^{2x} (3y^2 - 2x) dy dx = \int_{x=1}^2 \left[\frac{3y^3}{3} - 2xy \right]_2^{2x} dx \\ &= \int_1^2 [(2x)^3 - 2x(2x) - (2^3 - 2x \cdot 2)] dx \\ &= \int_1^2 (8x^3 - 4x^2 - 8 + 4x) dx = \left[\frac{8x^4}{4} - \frac{4x^3}{3} - 8x + \frac{4x^2}{2} \right]_1^2 \\ &= \frac{8 \cdot 16}{4} - \frac{4 \cdot 8}{3} - 8 \cdot 2 + \frac{4 \cdot 4}{2} - \left(\frac{8}{4} - \frac{4}{3} - 8 + \frac{4}{2} \right) \\ &= \frac{56}{3} = 18.667 \end{aligned}$$

[9.12] 13.

13. $P = \frac{1}{3}y^3, P_y = y^2, Q = xy + xy^2, Q_x = y + y^2$

$$\begin{aligned} \oint_C \frac{1}{3}y^3 dx + (xy + xy^2) dy &= \iint_R y dA = \int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} \int_{y^2}^{1-y^2} y dx dy \\ &= \int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} (xy) \Big|_{y^2}^{1-y^2} dy = \int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} (y - y^3 - y^3) dy \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2}y^2 - \frac{1}{2}y^4 \right) \Big|_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$



[9.12] 29.

$$29. \quad P = x - y, \quad Q = x + y$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = 1 - (-1) = 2$$

$$W = \iint_R 2 \, dA = \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi/2} \int_{r=1}^2 2 \, r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \left[\frac{r^2}{2} \right]_1^2 = \pi \left[\frac{4}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right] = \frac{3}{2} \pi$$