


AM214-2023: LECTURE 27

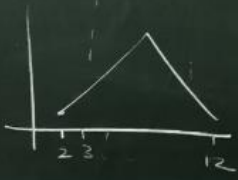
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## LECTURE 27 DIFF'CE EQN'S - AN APPLICATION

$y_{n+1} = Ay_n$   $y_0$  given




$p(2) = \frac{1}{36}$   
 $p(3) = \frac{2}{36}$   
 $p(4) = \frac{3}{36}$





Total	#1	#2	
0	0	0	$\frac{1}{4}$
1	0	1	$\frac{2}{4}$
	1	0	
2	1	1	$\frac{1}{4}$



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$f_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$f_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{2}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}$

Pass 0

0	0	0
0	0	0
1	0	0

Pass I

$\frac{1}{4}$		
$\frac{2}{4}$		
$\frac{1}{4}$		

Pass 2

$\frac{6}{16}$	$\frac{4}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$
$\frac{4}{16}$		0
$\frac{1}{16}$	0	0

$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$   
 $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$

No Jail

$$p_{n+1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix} p_n$$

$$p_{n+1} = A p_n \quad p_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$p_k = A^k p_0 = S R^k S^{-1} p_0 = S \begin{bmatrix} 1^k & & & \\ & \text{fract} & & \\ & & \text{fract} & \\ & & & \ddots \end{bmatrix} S^{-1} p_0 = S \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \end{bmatrix} S^{-1} p_0$$

$$p_{n+1} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} p_n$$

$$p_\infty = S \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & & \\ \vdots & & \end{bmatrix} S^{-1} p_0 = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & & \\ \vdots & & \end{bmatrix} S^{-1} p_0$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \alpha & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix} = y_1 \alpha \quad \boxed{5}$$

## DIF'L EQN'S

$\boxed{6}$

$$\dot{x} = \alpha x \rightarrow x(t) = K e^{\alpha t}$$

$$\dot{x} = ax + by$$

$$\dot{y} = cx + dy$$

$$x(t), y(t)$$

$$x(0) = x_0$$

$$y(0) = y_0$$

$$\dot{\underline{y}} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}}_A \underline{y}$$

$$\underline{y}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{\underline{y}} = A \underline{y}$$

$$A = S \Lambda S^{-1}$$

$$\dot{\underline{y}} = \underline{S} \underline{\Lambda} \underline{S}^{-1} \underline{y}$$

$$\underline{S}^{-1} \dot{\underline{y}} = \underline{\Lambda} \underline{S}^{-1} \underline{y}$$

$$\dot{\underline{w}} = \underline{\Lambda} \underline{w}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{w}_1 \\ \dot{w}_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\dot{w}_1 = \lambda_1 w_1 \rightarrow w_1(t) = K_1 e^{\lambda_1 t}$$

$$\dot{w}_2 = \lambda_2 w_2 \rightarrow w_2(t) = \{S^{-1} \underline{y}(0)\}_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} = \{S^{-1} \underline{y}(0)\}_2 = K_2 e^{\lambda_2 t}$$

$$\underline{w}(t) = S^{-1} \underline{y}(t)$$

$$\underline{y}(t) = S \underline{w}(t)$$

$$\dot{\underline{y}}(t) = \dot{S} \underline{w} + S \dot{\underline{w}}$$

$$\dot{\underline{y}} = S \dot{\underline{w}}$$

$$\dot{\underline{w}} = S^{-1} \dot{\underline{y}}$$

$$\underline{w}(0) = S^{-1} \underline{y}(0)$$

$$\{S^{-1} \underline{y}(0)\}_1$$

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$$\underline{w}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{\lambda_1 t} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{\lambda_2 t} \end{bmatrix} S^{-1} \underline{y}(0)$$

$$\underline{y}(t) = S \underline{w}(t) = S \begin{bmatrix} e^{\lambda_1 t} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{\lambda_2 t} \end{bmatrix} S^{-1} \underline{y}(0)$$

$$\underline{y}(t) = S e^{\underline{\Lambda} t} S^{-1} \underline{y}(0)$$

$$e^{-\underline{\Lambda} t}$$

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