

# TWB252

## Tutoriaal 5

20 September 2017

## Tutorial 5

20 September 2017

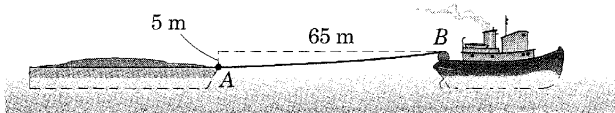
U skryf 'n toets na afloop van die tutoriaal.

You write a test at the end of the tutorial.

**1.** Do problem **5/138** in Meriam.

(Use the formulas for small sag.)

**\*5/138** A power tug is towing a barge with a cable which has a mass of 14 kg per meter of its length. It is observed that the tangent to the cable at point A is horizontal. Determine the tensions at A and B.

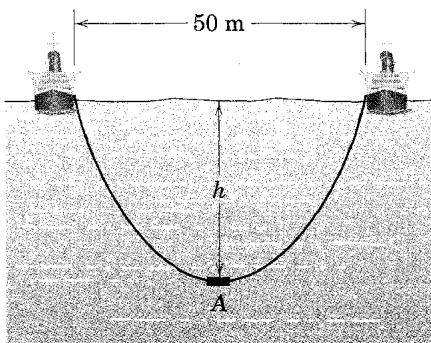


Answers:  $T_A = 58.0$  kN;  $T_B = 58.7$  kN

**2.** Do problem **5/219** in Meriam.

(Use Newton's method.)

**\*5/219** An underwater detection instrument A is attached to the midpoint of a 100-m cable suspended between two ships 50 m apart. Determine the depth  $h$  of the instrument, which has negligible mass. Does the result depend on the mass of the cable or on the density of the water? *Ans.  $h = 39.8$  m*

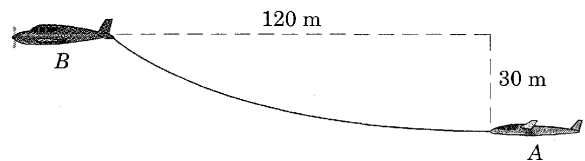


Answer:  $h = 39.7$  m

**3.** Do problem **5/146** in Meriam.

(First use the formulas for small sag and then use Newton's method. Compare the results.)

**\*5/146** The glider A is being towed in level flight and is 120 m behind and 30 m below the tow plane B. The tangent to the cable at the glider is horizontal. The cable has a mass of 0.750 kg per meter of length. Calculate the horizontal tension  $T_0$  in the cable at the glider. Neglect air resistance and compare your result with that obtained by approximating the cable shape by a parabola.



Answers: Small sag:  $T_0 = 1766$  N;

Newton's method (any sag):  $T_0 = 1801$  N